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## Listing of the Claims:

The following is a complete listing of all the claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

## 1-2. Canceled

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3. (Currently amended). A systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system which automatically adjusts information content, structure, or presentation to an individual user comprising the steps of:

modeling information-seeking interaction sequences with the information system wherein each interaction sequence denotes a possible dialog between the user and the information system, wherein a the dialog in the step of modeling is a task-oriented information-seeking activity involving a list of information-seeking aspects comprising structural aspects specified by the user, and terminal aspects as responses provided by the information system in response to the specified structural aspects;

programmatically representing the interaction sequences in a computer program, wherein the interaction sequences can be initiated by the user out-of-turn, wherein the representing step includes the <u>following</u> steps <u>a</u>), <u>b</u>), <u>c</u>), and <u>d</u>) of:

- <u>a)</u> defining a program variable for each structural aspect, called structural variables;
- <u>b)</u> defining a program variable for each terminal aspect, called terminal variables;
- c) organizing the set of interaction sequences in terms of conditional elements on structural variables, using constructs provided in a programming language;
- <u>d)</u> declaring all structural variables to be parameters in the program; and if an interaction sequence produces values for terminal aspects, assigning values for respective terminal variables in corresponding programmatic representation;

ereating a personalization system by partial evaluation of partially evaluating the computer program, with respect to user input, to produce a

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simplified program; and

generating a personalized information space for the user interface from the simplified program.

- 4. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, further comprising the step of compacting interaction sequences to determine a new set of interaction sequences having fewer states prior to the step of programmatically representing the interaction sequences in a computer program.
- 5. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the step of creating a personalization system by partial evaluation of the computer program uses a source-to-source transformation engine that simplifies the computer program for static values of some program variables.
- 6. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the step of generating a personalized information space for the user in a user interface is performed by mapping from the simplified program to the information space, in terms of a technology corresponding to the information system.
- 7. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the information-seeking interaction of the user is by means of a browser.
- 8. (Original) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 7, wherein the user interface is a browser window displaying an information space and a partial input specification window for facilitating user interaction.
- 9. (Original) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 7, wherein the browser

supports a browsing hierarchy, said step of modeling being performed using a nested programmatic model.

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- 10. (Original) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 7, wherein the user interface comprises two windows, a first window allowing the user to proceed with an interaction along the lines initiated by the information system and a second window allowing the user to take an initiative and personalize the interaction by specifying some aspect out-of-turn.
- 11. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the user can specify any aspect out-of-turn, further comprising the step of partially evaluating the program with respect to values for structural program variables.
- 12. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, further comprising the steps of:

when a user specifies information-seeking aspects, representing the information-seeking aspects as values for structural program variables;

performing a partial evaluation with respect to the structural program variables; and

converting a resulting program back to the information space.

- 13. (New) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, further comprising the step of repeating the "partially evaluating" and "generating" steps after every user-computer interaction.
- 14. (New) A method for computer interaction with a user that supports mixedinitiative interaction between the user and the computer, the method comprising the steps of:
- a) employing a computer program to model interaction sequences between the

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user and the computer;

- b) presenting an information space based on the computer program, and a dialog input mechanism for the user;
- c) receiving dialog input from the user via the dialog input mechanism, wherein the dialog input is permitted to be out-of-turn;
- d) partially evaluating the computer program with respect to the dialog input received in step (c), and simplifying the computer program based on the partial evaluation; and
- e) altering the information space based on the simplified program produced in step (d).
- 15. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein steps (b), (c), (d), and (e) are performed a plurality of times.
- 16. (New) The method of claim 14 wherein step (d) is performed every time the user inputs dialog to the computer.
- 17. (New) The method of claim 14 wherein the user interface comprises two windows, a first window allowing the user to proceed with an interaction along the lines initiated by the information system and a second window allowing the user to take an initiative and personalize the interaction by specifying some aspect out-of-turn, wherein partial evaluation of step (d) is performed on dialog input in the second window.
- 18. (New) The method of claim 14 wherein the dialog input is off-topic.